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GCSE (9-1)

Physics A (Gateway Science)

J249/04: Paper 4 (Higher Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for Autumn 2021

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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1. Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
LI	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

2. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
√	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument



3. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.





The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Physics A:

Assessment Objective				
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.				
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.				
Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.				
Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.				
Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.				
Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.				
Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.				
Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.				
Analyse information and ideas to interpret.				
Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.				
Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.				
Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.				
Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.				
Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.				
Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.				
Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.				



For answers to Section A if an answer box is blank ALLOW correct indication of answer e.g. circled or underlined.

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	C ✓	1	2.1	
2	C ✓	1	2.1	
3	B✓	1	1.1	
4	C ✓	1	2.1	
5	A✓	1	1.1	
6	D✓	1	1.1	
7	C ✓	1	1.1	
8	C ✓	21	1.1	
9	A	1	1.2	
10	B✓	1	1.1	
11	C√	1	2.2	
12	B✓	1	1.1	
13	D ✓	1	2.1	77
14	C ✓	1	1.2	
15	D✓	1	1.1	



Q	uesti	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
16	(a)	(i)	Any one from: It is refracted ✓ It changes direction/bends (away from the normal) ✓ The speed <u>increases</u> ✓ The wavelength <u>increases</u> ✓	1	1.1	DO NOT ALLOW bends towards the normal IGNORE speed/wavelength changes DO NOT ALLOW the speed/wavelength decreases
		(ii)	Ray continues in a straight line AND normal line drawn (90° by eye relative to interface) where incident ray meets the interface ✓ Ray enters the air AND is to the left of the normal line ✓ angle of refraction > angle of incidence AND angle of incidence < 90° ✓ Air Water	3	3 × 1.2	DO NOT ALLOW if the ray emerges vertically or to the right-hand side of the normal IGNORE any reflected rays IGNORE direction of any arrows ALLOW marking points 2 and 3 to be awarded if the ray does not come from the fish
	(b)		At least two of the rays are reflected in different directions	1	1 × 1.2	IGNORE any normal lines
	(c)		The fish <u>absorbs</u> the green (light) / <u>does not reflect</u> the green (light) / the fish reflects red (light) <u>only</u> ✓ There is no red (light) (to reflect) / the (green) light contains no red (light) / no light is reflected ✓	2	2 × 2.1	

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
17	(a)	(i)	2 or 3 correctly plotted points to within ½ small square ✓ 4 points correctly plotted to within ½ small square ✓ Smooth curved line of best fit through most points ✓	3	3 × 2.2	DO NOT ALLOW a straight line of best fit ALLOW ECF from incorrectly plotted points
		(ii)	Candidate's line of best fit extended to 2.00 AND their value of p.d. is correct for their graph ✓ Value of p.d. = 2.55 – 2.70 ✓	2	2 × 3.2b	IGNORE line of best fit past 2.00
		(iii)	Any one from: Repeat readings and calculate the mean/discard anomalies Carry out investigation in the dark / reduce ambient light Use a greater range / more values of light intensity Use higher light intensities Use a light meter to check light intensity	1	3.3b	
	(b)	(i)	Any two from: To reduce energy bills / sell electricity (back to national grid) People are more aware of environmental issues / they are better for the environment To reduce reliance on/use of fossil fuels / fossil fuels are running out To reduce CO ₂ / greenhouse emissions / global warming They are cheaper (than 20 years ago) The government has encouraged people to install them / grants available to fit them More efficient / better/newer panels/technologies are now available	2	2 × 3.2a	IGNORE people are more environmentally friendly/green. ALLOW they use a renewable energy resource IGNORE they weren't available twenty years ago.





C	Quest	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
18	(a)		Nuclear Thermal ✓	1	2.1	BOTH required DO NOT ALLOW more than one energy store on each answer line
	(b)	(i)	Any one from: The nucleus is unstable / to make the nucleus more stable ✓ So the energy of the nucleus reduces / to get rid of energy from the nucleus ✓	1	1.1	IGNORE because it is radioactive (already in the stem)
		(ii)	234 √ 92 √	2	2 × 1.1	
	(c)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 85-90 (years) award 2 marks Evidence on graph (or elsewhere) of half of activity indicated ✓ Half-life = 85-90 (years) ✓	2	2 × 2.2	
	(d)	(i)	(when neutron is absorbed, nucleus splits and) releases more / several / (>1) neutrons ✓ Each (additional) neutron can be absorbed by another (plutonium) nucleus ✓	2	2 × 1.1	IGNORE nucleus releases another neutron. ALLOW a suitable diagram for two marks. IGNORE atom/plutonium for nucleus IGNORE hits nucleus
		(ii)	Two <u>nuclei</u> combine (at very high temperature) ✓	1	1.1	



C	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance	
19	(a)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 260 (s) award 4 marks	4			
			(time =) distance \div speed \checkmark distance = (2.28 × 10 ¹¹ – 1.50 ×10 ¹¹ =) 7.8 × 10 ¹⁰ (m) \checkmark (time =) 7.8 × 10 ¹⁰ \div 300 000 000 \checkmark (time =) 260 (s) \checkmark		1.2 3 × 2.1	ALLOW 0.8 x 10 ¹¹ (m)	
	(b)		(Mars is further from the Sun) so receives less energy/heat from the Sun/sunlight ✓	2	2 × 3.2b	ALLOW other sensible explanation. e.g. Mars has a thin atmosphere / does not have an atmosphere so there is little/no greenhouse effect (AW)	
			Temperature on Mars is lower ✓	(34)		ALLOW it is difficult to know without knowing about the atmosphere on Mars	



C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
20	(a)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.7 OR 70% award 3 marks	3		
			(Efficiency =) useful energy output ÷ energy input ✓ (Efficiency =) 8400 ÷ 12000 or 70 ✓ (Efficiency =) 0.7 ✓		1 × 1.2 2 × 2.1	ALLOW equation in any form ALLOW 70 (without % sign) for 2 marks ALLOW 0.7% for 2 marks
	(b)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 40 (W) award 3 marks (Power =) energy transferred ÷ time ✓	3	1 × 1.2	ALLOW 2400 (W) for 2 marks (no unit conversion) ALLOW equation in any form
			(Power =) 12000 ÷ 300 ✓ (Power =) 40 (W) ✓	34)	2 × 2.1	



Question	Answer		AO element	Guidance
Question 20 (c)*	Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question. Level 3 (5–6 marks) Detailed explanation of how equipment is used to take appropriate measurements AND Detailed explanation of how the quantities are calculated. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Detailed explanation of how equipment is used to take appropriate measurements OR Detailed explanation of how the quantities are calculated OR Explanation of how equipment is used to take appropriate measurements AND explanation of how the quantities are calculated. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) Simple explanation of how equipment is used to take appropriate measurements OR	Marks 6		AO3 – Analyses information to develop a method to calculate energy input and energy output • p.d./voltage measured with voltmeter • Current measured with ammeter • Mass of water measured with top-pan balance (allow weighing scales) or volume of water measured using measuring cylinder and density of water used • Temperature change measured using thermometer / temperature probe attached to data-logger • Heater used for a fixed time / AW measured with stopwatch • Keep temperature changes low / fully immerse immersion heater in water / do not touch hot immersion heater / insulate the beaker • Stopwatch used to measure time AO1 – Demonstrates knowledge of scientific ideas to work out energy input and energy output • Energy input = power (of heater) × time • Power (of heater) = current × p.d. • Energy input = I × V × t • Energy increase in water = mass × SHC × temperature rise • Mass of water = density × volume
	Simple explanation of how the quantities are calculated. OR correct equation stated.			



Question	Answer		AO element	Guidance
	There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.			
	0 marks No response or no response worthy of credit.			

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
21	(a)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 1.6 (J) award 3 marks (Energy transferred in stretching =) ½ × 40 × 0.2² ✓ (Energy transferred in stretching =) 0.8 (J) ✓ (Total energy transferred in stretching =) 2 × 0.8 = 1.6 (J)	3	1 × 1.2 2 × 2.1	
	(b)		Any two from: Not all of the elastic (potential) energy is converted into kinetic energy ✓ Some energy is converted to gravitational potential energy (store) ✓ Total energy (in a system) must be constant / mention of conservation of energy ✓	2	2 × 2.1	ALLOW Some energy converted to thermal energy store/surroundings for 1 mark. ALLOW Kinetic energy = elastic (potential) energy – gravitational potential energy for 2 marks
	(c)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 4.8 (m) award 4 marks (Height =) potential energy ÷ (mass × gravitational field strength) OR EPE = GPE√ g = 10 N/kg √ (Height =) 2.4 / (0.05 × 10) √ (Height =) 4.8 (m) √	4	2 × 1.2 2 × 2.1	ALLOW Use of 9.8 N/kg and 9.81 N/kg for g Use of 9.8 or 9.81 gives 4.9 (m) (to 2SF) ALLOW POT (power of ten) error for incorrect conversion of mass for 3 marks
	(d)		Ensure springs extended by the same length each time / use the same springs / same spring constant ✓	1	3.3a	ALLOW constant diameter of the ball IGNORE Use the same equipment.

Q	uestior	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
22	(a)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 12.0 (s) award 3 marks (time =) change in velocity ÷ acceleration ✓	3	1 × 1.2	ALLOW 12 (s)
		(time =) $(18 - 0) \div 1.5 \checkmark$ (time =) $12.0 \text{ (s)} \checkmark$		2 × 2.1	
	(b)	Any one from:	3	1.1	
		Thinking distance unchanged (by ice) ✓ Stopping distance = thinking distance + braking distance ✓ AND any two from: Friction/force between tyres and road reduced ✓ Initial kinetic energy of van is the same ✓ Since distance = work done ÷ force (or energy ÷ force) ✓ Braking distance becomes greater / stopping distance is greater ✓	320	2 × 2.1	
	(c)	Any two from: Acceleration will increase ✓ Force = mass × acceleration ✓ So greater force (acting on occupants) ✓ And this could lead to injury (of occupants of the van) ✓	2	2 × 2.1	ALLOW Higher ideas about momentum ALLOW Rate of change of momentum is greater ✓ ALLOW Force = rate of change of momentum ✓

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
23	(a)		Our eyes can only detect / we can only see a small part of the EM spectrum/visible light ✓	2	2 × 1.2	ALLOW we cannot see UV/IR
			So new inventions/technology/machines were needed (to detect beyond visible light) ✓			ALLOW machines/inventions/technology were not available to detect it
	(b)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 1.7 × 10 ¹⁵ (Hz) award 5 marks 0.18μm = 1.8 × 10 ⁻⁷ m ✓ (Frequency =) wave speed ÷ wavelength ✓	5	3 × 1.2 2 × 2.1	
			(Frequency =) $3.0 \times 10^8 \div 1.8 \times 10^{-7} \checkmark$ (Frequency =) $1.6666666 \times 10^{15} \checkmark$ (Frequency =) 1.7×10^{15} (Hz) (2sf) \checkmark	31)		ALLOW 3 marks for 1.6666 × 10 ⁿ (POT and SF error) ALLOW 4 marks for 1.7 × 10 ⁿ (POT error) ALLOW 1 mark for their value of frequency rounded correctly to 2SF
	(c)	(i)	(Transmission) at $0.31\mu m = 9-11~\%$ AND (Transmission) at $0.37\mu m = 41~\%$ \checkmark	3	3 × 3.1a	ALLOW the difference in transmission is between 30-32%
			Absorption at $0.31\mu m = 89-91$ % AND Absorption at $0.37\mu m = 59$ % \checkmark			ALLOW the difference in absorption is between 30-32% ALLOW ECF 100 minus their value from graph for absorption values
			(much) more UV is absorbed at $0.31\mu m$ compared to $0.37\mu m$ / ORA \checkmark			ALLOW more UV is absorbed at shorter wavelengths / ORA
		(ii)	Any TWO from:	2	2 × 2.1	
			Ozone layer absorbs/prevents most/lots/some UV / ORA			DO NOT ALLOW Ozone absorbs all UV.
			Ozone layer absorbs the most dangerous UV ✓ (wavelengths)			ALLOW UV is harmful (to humans)

Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
		(Too much) UV causes (skin) cancer/damages (skin) cells ✓			

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